

Practice abstract #5.3 The oat food value chain in Belgium



AUTHOR(S) Esther Van Parys, Simoun Bayudan, Xavier Gellynck

CONTACT
SimounRainierLuis.Bayudan
@UGent.be

KEY WORDSOats, Minor crops, Orphan crops, Value chain

www.cropdiva.eu @H2020Cropdiva

CHALLENGE

Oats have various applications both for food and feed, and some notable products can be beverages, bakery products, or even as breakfast cereals and granola bars. However, the supply of oats is marginal and interest in handling oats seems to dwindle in the country.

SOLUTION

Understanding oats from farm to fork can provide insights in optimizing their cultivation, particularly through perspectives from stakeholders on challenges and potential mitigation strategies for the crop.

OUTCOME

Oats often are not as competitive with other mainstream crops in Belgium especially on yield and crop quality. Farmers also have concerns on raw input material qualities. There are also issues of pricing and raw material standardization among processors aside from the need to identify product innovations and novel means of marketing oat-based food.

PRACTICAL RECOMMENDATIONS

It is essential to stabilize promotion and communication lines between seed suppliers and potential buyers (farmers) so that quality expectations can be agreed upon. Investments in new product development can be done to leverage on the growing popularity of oats as a cereal or plant-based beverage.

PRACTICAL TESTING/FARMERS' **EXPERIENCES**

Belgian consumers are more familiar with oats and oat products as farmers and processors currently offer an assortment of these goods in retail. They are in practice often marketed as healthy and nutrient-rich food.



The following links provide more data on the oat food value chain in Belgium:

https://www.biojournaal.nl/articl e/9238887/onze-volgendeambitie-is-biologische-haver-uitbelgie/

https://www.statista.com/statisti cs/1044392/organic-oatsfarmland-in-belgium/

Photos: (1) FAO (2) Liebherr (3) Tetrapak



About CROPDIVA

CROP CROPDIVA wants to put 6 underused arable crops back in the fields: oats, hull-less barley for human consumption, triticale, buckwheat, faba beans and lupins. 27 European partners are joining forces to enhance agrobiodiversity in Europe. They will achieve this by focusing on crop diversity and creating local value chains. The project is running from September 2021 to August 2025.



This project has received funding from grant agreement N°1010000847

Union. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.